
MapEntity Documentation

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MapEntity is a CRUD interface for geospatial entities built with Django.

INSTALLATION

1.1 System prerequisites

For GeoDjango to work, your system must meet the following requirements:

```
$ sudo apt install binutils libproj-dev gdal-bin
```

For weasyprint and PDF generation, you need:

```
$ sudo apt install libjpeg62 libjpeg62-dev zlib1g-dev libcairo2 libpango-1.0-0_
↳ libpangocairo-1.0-0 libgdk-pixbuf2.0-0 libffi-dev shared-mime-info
```

If you use spatialite, you will need:

```
$ sudo apt install libsqlite3-mod-spatialite
```

Else, if you use PostGIS, you will need:

```
$ sudo apt install libpq-dev
```

1.2 Manual installation With a PostGIS database

In order to use MapEntity you'll need to create a geospatial database. Feel free to skip this section if you already know how to do this. Here is how you can create a PostGIS database:

As user `postgres`, create a new user and database:

```
$ createuser -PSRD dbuser
Enter password for new role:
Enter it again:
$ createdb --owner=dbuser spatialdb
```

Now enable PostGIS extension for your new database:

```
$ psql -q spatialdb
spatialdb=# CREATE EXTENSION postgis;
```

Create a *virtualenv*, and activate it:

```
virtualenv env/
source env/bin/activate
```

Then install the Python packages:

```
$ pip install django-mapentity
```

Since you will PostgreSQL, also install its python library:

```
$ pip install psycopg2
```


GETTING STARTED

In this short tutorial, we'll see how to create an app to manage museum locations.

2.1 Settings

Create your django Project and your main app:

```
$ django-admin.py startproject museum
$ cd museum/
$ python3 manage.py startapp main
```

Edit your Django settings to point to your PostGIS database:

```
DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.contrib.gis.db.backends.postgis',
        'NAME': 'spatialdb',
        'USER': 'dbuser',
        'PASSWORD': 's3cr3t',
        'HOST': 'localhost',
        'PORT': '',
    }
}
```

Add these entries to your `INSTALLED_APPS`:

```
'paperclip',
'djgeojson',
'compressor',
'easy_thumbnails',
'crispy_forms',
'rest_framework',
'embed_video',
'modeltranslation'
'mapentity', # Make sure mapentity settings are loaded before leaflet ones
'leaflet',
'main', # the app you just created
```

Add `django.middleware.locale.LocaleMiddleware` to your `MIDDLEWARE` classes.

Setup your list of supported languages:

```
LANGUAGES = (  
    ('en', 'English'),  
    ('fr', 'French'),  
)
```

Specify a media URL:

```
MEDIA_URL = '/media/'
```

Specify a static root:

```
import os  
BASE_DIR = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))  
STATIC_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'static')
```

Add MapEntity and request context processors to the list of default context processors:

```
TEMPLATES = [  
    {  
        ...  
        'OPTIONS': {  
            ...  
            'context_processors': [  
                ...  
                "django.core.context_processors.request",  
                "mapentity.context_processors.settings",  
            ]  
        }  
    }  
]
```

2.2 Model

Create a GeoDjango model which also inherits from `MapEntityMixin`. Note that you'll need to specify the *GeoDjango* manager, as below:

```
from django.contrib.gis.db import models  
from mapentity.models import MapEntityMixin  
  
class Museum(MapEntityMixin, models.Model):  
    geom = models.PointField()  
    name = models.CharField(max_length=80)
```

2.3 Admin

Create a file `admin.py` in the main directory and register your model against the admin registry:

```
from django.contrib import admin
from leaflet.admin import LeafletGeoAdmin

from .models import Museum

admin.site.register(Museum, LeafletGeoAdmin)
```

2.4 URLs

Register your MapEntity views in `main/urls.py`:

```
from main.models import Museum
from mapentity import registry

urlpatterns = registry.register(Museum)
```

Then glue everything together in your project's `urls.py`:

```
from django.conf.urls import patterns, include, url
from django.contrib import admin

admin.autodiscover()

urlpatterns = [
    '',
    path('', 'main.views.home', name='home'),
    path('login/', 'django.contrib.auth.views.login', name='login'),
    path('logout/', 'django.contrib.auth.views.logout', name='logout'),
    path('', include('mapentity.urls')),
    path('paperclip/', include('paperclip.urls')),
    path('admin', admin.site.urls),
]
```

2.5 Initialize the database

Create a database schema based on your models:

```
$ python manage.py migrate
```

Create all permission objects with this command:

```
$ python manage.py update_permissions_mapentity
```

2.6 Start the app

```
$ python manage.py runserver
```

2.7 Done!

Now you should be able to visit <http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin> and add a museum with a name (if you can't see a map, make sure you're using Django 1.6).

Then visit <http://127.0.0.1:8000/museum/list/> and you should be able to see your museum listed.

CUSTOMIZATION

3.1 Views

Create a set of class-based views. You can define only some of them. Then you can override CBV methods as usual:

```
from django.shortcuts import redirect
from mapentity.views.generic import (
    MapEntityList, MapEntityLayer, MapEntityJsonList, MapEntityDetail,
    MapEntityFormat, MapEntityCreate, MapEntityUpdate, MapEntityDocument,
    MapEntityDelete)
from .models import Museum

def home(request):
    return redirect('museum_list')

class MuseumList(MapEntityList):
    model = Museum
    columns = ['id', 'name']

class MuseumLayer(MapEntityLayer):
    model = Museum

class MuseumJsonList(MapEntityJsonList, MuseumList):
    pass

class MuseumDetail(MapEntityDetail):
    model = Museum

class MuseumFormat(MapEntityFormat, MuseumList):
    pass

class MuseumCreate(MapEntityCreate):
    model = Museum
```

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```
class MuseumUpdate(MapEntityUpdate):
    model = Museum

class MuseumDocument(MapEntityDocument):
    model = Museum

class MuseumDelete(MapEntityDelete):
    model = Museum
```

3.2 Filters

MapEntity allows you to define a set of filters which will be used to lookup geographical data. Create a file `filters.py` in your app:

```
from .models import Museum
from mapentity.filters import MapEntityFilterSet

class MuseumFilter(MapEntityFilterSet):
    class Meta:
        model = Museum
        fields = ('name', )
```

Then update `views.py` to use your custom filter in your custom views:

```
from .filters import MuseumFilter

class MuseumList(MapEntityList):
    model = Museum
    filterform = MuseumFilter
    columns = ['id', 'name']
```

3.3 Forms

Create a form for your Museum model:

```
from mapentity.forms import MapEntityForm
from .models import Museum

class MuseumForm(MapEntityForm):
    class Meta:
        model = Museum
        fields = ('name', )
```

Then update `views.py` to use your custom form in your custom views:

```

from .forms import MuseumForm

class MuseumCreate(MapEntityCreate):
    model = Museum
    form_class = MuseumForm

class MuseumUpdate(MapEntityUpdate):
    model = Museum
    form_class = MuseumForm

```

3.4 Templates

To display information accordingly to your Museum model, you can create a template in `main/templates/main`. `museum_detail_attributes.html` can contain:

```

{% extends "mapentity/mapentity_detail_attributes.html" %}
{% load i18n mapentity_tags %}

{% block attributes %}
    <table class="table-striped table-bordered table">
        <tr>
            <th>{{ object|verbose:"name" }}</th>
            <td>{{ object.name }}</td>
        </tr>
    </table>
    {{ block.super }}
{% endblock attributes %}

```

You can override the detail view template for your Museum model by creating a `museum_detail.html` in the same directory as before.

3.5 Exports

There is another export system in MapEntity which use *Weasyprint* (<http://weasyprint.org/>).

Instead of using ODT templates, Weasyprint use HTML/CSS and export to PDF. Do not use this system if you need an ODT or DOC export.

Although Weasyprint export only to PDF, there are multiple advantages to it, such as :

- Use the power of HTML/CSS to generate your pages (far simpler than the ODT template)
- Use the Django template system to generate PDF content
- No longer need an instance of convertit to convert ODT to PDF and svg to png

To use MapEntity with Weasyprint, you just need to activate it in the `settings.py` of MapEntity.

Replace:

```
'MAPENTITY_WEASYPRINT': False,
```

by:

`'MAPENTITY_WEASYPRINT': True,`

If you want to include images that are not SVG or PNG, you will need to install GDK-PixBuf

```
sudo apt-get install libgdk-pixbuf2.0-dev
```

Now, you can customize the templates used to export your model in two different ways.

First one is to create a template for a model only.

In your museum project, you can override the CSS used to style the export by creating a file named `museum_detail_pdf.css` in `main/templates/main`. Refer to the CSS documentation and `mapentity_detail_pdf.css`.

Note that, in the `mapentity_detail_pdf.html`, the CSS file is included instead of linked to take advantage of the Django template generation.

Same as the CSS, you can override `mapentity_detail_pdf.html` by creating a file named `musuem_detail_pdf.html`. Again, refer to `mapentity_detail_pdf.html`.

If you create another model and need to override his template, the template should be of the form `templates/appname/modelname_detail_pdf.html` with `appname` the name of your Django app and `modelname` the name of your model.

The second way overrides these templates for all your models.

you need to create a sub-directory named `mapentity` in `main/templates`. Then you can create a file named `override_detail_pdf.html` (or ``.css`) and it will be used for all your models if a specific template is not provided.

DEVELOPMENT

Follow installation procedure, and then install development packages:

```
$ pip install -r dev-requirements.txt
```

4.1 Release

Set mapentity/VERSION

Set Changelog

Draft a new release on github

INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`